





Manyara, Ngorongoro and Serengeti

Note: Price printed on this PDF is valid until **02-05-2025** and is subject to change without notice due to Partner changes and currency fluctuations

Private Touring

- Flexible Dates
- Flexible Itinerary
- Upgrade Accommodation
- Local Guide Service
- Modern Airconditioned Vehicle

Tour Vehicle

Car or Small Van AC

Tour Guide

Driver Cum Guide

Detailed Itinerary

Day 01: Lake Manyara National Park

After breakfast drive to Lake Manyara with lunch boxes for game drive in Lake Manyara. Manyara Region takes its name from Lake Manyara, which is one of the major lakes formed in ancient times by the Great Rift Valley. It is the only Region in Tanzania to be bisected into two by the Great Rift Valley. It is a major wildlife water source and is, therefore, an essential part of the wildlife ecosystems of Serengeti National Park, Ngorongoro Conservation Area and Tarangire National Park. In addition, Lake Manyara is the country's largest breeding ground for tens of thousands of flamingos. Kudu Lodge and Campsite offers outstanding hospitality, comfortable accommodation and pleasant surroundings, is situated at Karatu, the

heart of the northern Tanzania safari circuit. Kudu Lodge nestles in eleven acres of rolling countryside, amidst mature trees and gardens, home to myriad birds and a tranquil and shady oasis hideaway for visitors—the perfect base for wildlife safaris. Our lodge is the epitome of spaciousness, friendliness and African hospitality. Dinner and Overnight Kudu Lodge.

Day 02: Serengeti National Park

After breakfast drive to Serengeti National Park with lunch boxes for full day game drive. The Serengeti National Park in Tanzania was established in 1952. It is home to the greatest wildlife spectacle on earth—the great migration of wildebeest and zebra. The resident population of lion, cheetah, elephant, giraffe, and birds is also impressive. There's a wide variety of accommodation available, from luxury lodges to mobile camps. The parks cover 5,700 sq miles, (14,763 sq km), it's larger than Connecticut, with at most a couple hundred vehicles driving around. The camp is located in a stunning location that runs alongside the Nyabogati River which allows our guests to be fully immersed in nature with a variety of Serengeti birds and wildlife all around. The area is splashed with acacia trees and provides the perfect opportunity to see the sunset behind the distant hills. Embalakai Camp has 13 spacious tents which can be set up for single, double, triple or family occupancy. We can host groups of up to 30 persons and have netted bedding available for babies (on request). Our rooms are set up to provide the ultimate comfort for our clients. Dinner and overnight Embalakai Tented Camp.

Day 03: Serengeti National Park

Morning and afternoon game drives in Serengeti National Park. The camp is located in a stunning location that runs alongside the Nyabogati River which allows our guests to be fully immersed in nature with a variety of Serengeti birds and wildlife all around. The area is splashed with acacia trees and provides the perfect opportunity to see the sunset behind the distant hills. Dinner and overnight Embalakai Tented Camp.

Day 04: Ngorongoro— Arusha or Moshi

After breakfast drive to Ngorongoro Conservation area with lunch boxes from the lodge. Descend to the Crater floor for half day game drive. Afternoon drive back to Arusha or Moshi. The Ngorongoro Conservation Area covers 2286 sq km and encompasses the volcanic area around the Ngorongoro Crater - including the still active volcano of Oldonyo Lengai and the famous Olduvai Gorge. Its center piece, the Ngorongoro Crater, is the largest unbroken caldera in the world and the first sight of it is breathtaking. The floor of the crater is only 100 sq miles but is home to around 30,000 animals with a high concentration of predators. The crater supports up to 25,000 large mammals. Grazers dominate zebra, wildebeest - accounting for almost half the animals - gazelle, buffalo, eland, hartebeest and wart hog. Giraffe, for example, stay away because there is insufficient food at tree level; topi because they compete directly with wildebeest. An odd

feature of the crater elephants is that they are almost exclusively bulls. Breeding herds - comprising large numbers of females and young with a few attendant older males - are probably unable to find sufficient quality food in the crater.

Inclusion

All Park fees.
Game drive.
Concession fee.
Tourism department levy.
Government tax VAT 18%
Crater fee.
Transport 4x4.
Accommodation on safari (Full Board).
All meals, professional driver/guide.

Exclusion

International / Domestic Airfare.
Optional activities.
Meals, drinks, tips and other personal expenses or services not specified on the program.
Travel insurance.
Gratuities.
Voluntary tips for guides or drivers.
Travel and medical insurance.

Note

All accommodation subjected to availability

Please note that the prices are starting from and that upon sending a new request with specific date we will send the applicable rate and availability.

Tour Dates & Pricing

Lodge/Camp

07 Feb 2025 Till 31 Dec 2025

AU\$5,297 Per Twin

On-Request